Phụ lục 3

(Kèm theo Thông báo số /TB-HĐTD ngày /5/2022 của Bệnh viện ĐKKV Bồng Sơn) HƯỚNG DẪN ÔN TẬP THI VÒNG 1 Kỳ THI TUYỀN DỤNG VIÊN CHỨC BỆNH VIỆN ĐA KHOA KHU VỰC BỒNG SƠN, TỈNH BÌNH ĐỊNH NĂM 2022 Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH (Bậc 1- Theo khung ngoại ngữ 6 bậc Việt Nam)

1. THÔNG TIN CƠ BẢN

1. Nội dung: Kiểm tra năng lực Tiếng Anh của người dự thi: Người dự thi có thể hiểu được các câu và cấu trúc được sử dụng thường xuyên liên quan đến nhu cầu giao tiếp cơ bản (như các thông tin về gia đình, bản thân, đi mua hàng, hỏi đường, làm việc). Có thể trao đổi thông tin về những chủ đề đơn giản, quen thuộc hằng ngày. Có thể mô tả đơn giản về bản thân, môi trường xung quanh và những vấn đề thuộc nhu cầu thiết yếu.

- 2. Hình thức thi: thi trắc nghiệm trên giấy
- 3. Số lượng câu hỏi: 30 câu hỏi;
- 4. Thời gian thi: 30 phút.

2. HƯỚNG DẪN ÔN TẬP THAM KHẢO

LEVEL A1. BV BONG SON-BINH DINH PART 1. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

	PART 1. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR Questions 1 – 15: Bold the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate				
		wing question (15 p			
	er is out, so I have to		omes)		
•	B. for		D. up		
	his younger b		1		
	B. for		D. up		
3. I'm looking	my keys. I don't kn	ow where they are	*		
A. after			D. up		
4. Tim collects	He's got about :	500.	_		
A. reading	B. postcards	C. coins	D. B and C		
5. Stay s	hape is our most imp	ortant health tips.			
A. on	B. with	C. in	D. by		
6. I haven't seen Ju	lieC	Christmas.			
A. for	B. from	C. since	D. during		
7. 'I love gardening	g in my free time' -'.	,,			
A. Really?		B. What's the time	?		
C. When will you l	eave for Hanoi?	D. How?			
8. 'Where can I cat	ch the bus? –''				
-		-	D. It isn't my thing.		
9. We to j	oin the Sports Club l	ast year.			
		C. have started	D. is starting		
	from most oth				
		C. different	D. similar		
11. Mary is very go	ood play	-			
A. at		C. to	D. in		
-		running into the road			
		C. against	D. for		
13. How is t	he beach from here?				
A. old	B. deep	C. far	D. much		
14. How yo	our house to office?				
A. old	B. many	C. far	D. much		
15. He was born	Mav Dav.				
A. on	B. in	C. at	D. by		
	for a v		5		
	B. to go	C. went	D. going		
•	ooking a new j	ob			
A. after	B. for	C. at	D. up		
18. How is			· r		
A. old	B. long	C. far	D. much		

19. How pe	cople are there in this	room?	
A. far	B. much	C. many	D. old
20. If I see Emma, I	I her you are lo	oking for her.	
A. tell	B. told C. wo	uld tell D. will tell	
21. You won't be a	ble to park unless you	1 there early.	
A. get	B. don't get	C. got	D. didn't get
22. If he, he v	will get there in time.		
A. run	B. to run	C. runs	D. running
23. If you learn har	d, you the exam	n.	
A. to pass	B. pass	C. would pass	D. will pass
24. Listen! The bab	у		
A. cry	B. is crying	C. to cry	D. crying
25. I an intere	esting book at the mo	ment.	
A. read	B. to read	C. reading	D. am reading
26. He his bo	by to ride now.		
A. teach	B. teaches	C. is teaching D. tea	ching
27. Look! John and	Jane beautifull	у.	
A. dance	B. is dancing C. are	dancing D. dar	nces
28. She to	work by bus everyda	ıy.	
A. go	B. goes	C. to go	D. is going
20 Vagatarians			
29. Vegetarians	meat.		
-	meat. B. doesn't eatC. dor	n't eat D. no	eating
A. not eat 30. 'Have you go	B. doesn't eatC. do		eating s, I 2 days in the
A. not eat 30. 'Have you go countryside' A. am going to spen C. spend 31. How many spon A. in	B. doesn't eatC. do of any plans for the nd ts are there the B. on	e weekend?' – 'Ye B. have spend D. will spend 14 th Asian Games? C. at	-
A. not eat 30. 'Have you go countryside' A. am going to spen C. spend 31. How many spon A. in 32. Thomas is	B. doesn't eatC. do of any plans for the nd ts are there the B. on by the characters B. fascinate	e weekend?' – 'Ye B. have spend D. will spend 14 th Asian Games? C. at in the book.	s, I 2 days in the D. to
A. not eat 30. 'Have you go countryside' A. am going to spen C. spend 31. How many spon A. in 32. Thomas is A. to fascinate	B. doesn't eatC. do of any plans for the nd ts are there the B. on by the characters B. fascinate	e weekend?' – 'Ye B. have spend D. will spend 14 th Asian Games? C. at in the book.	s, I 2 days in the D. to
A. not eat 30. 'Have you go countryside' A. am going to spen C. spend 31. How many spon A. in 32. Thomas is A. to fascinate 33. Jane always A. drives	B. doesn't eatC. don of any plans for the and ts are there the B. on by the characters B. fascinate to work.	e weekend?' – 'Ye B. have spend D. will spend 14 th Asian Games? C. at in the book. C. fascinating C. not drive	s, I 2 days in the D. to D. fascinated
 A. not eat 30. 'Have you go countryside' A. am going to spen C. spend 31. How many spon A. in 32. Thomas is A. to fascinate 33. Jane always A. drives 34. She often 	 B. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eat of the formation of the eat of the	e weekend?' – 'Ye B. have spend D. will spend 14 th Asian Games? C. at in the book. C. fascinating C. not drive after school.	s, I 2 days in the D. to D. fascinated D don't drive
A. not eat 30. 'Have you go countryside' A. am going to spen C. spend 31. How many spon A. in 32. Thomas is A. to fascinate 33. Jane always A. drives 34. She often A. go out	 B. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. b. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. b. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. b. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. b. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. b. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. b. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. b. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. b. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. c. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. doesn't eatC. <li< td=""><td>e weekend?' – 'Ye B. have spend D. will spend 14th Asian Games? C. at in the book. C. fascinating C. not drive after school. C. goes out</td><td>s, I 2 days in the D. to D. fascinated D don't drive D. going out</td></li<>	e weekend?' – 'Ye B. have spend D. will spend 14 th Asian Games? C. at in the book. C. fascinating C. not drive after school. C. goes out	s, I 2 days in the D. to D. fascinated D don't drive D. going out

36. What are you doing December 25th? B. on D. into A. in C. at 37. They me a few minutes ago. B. met A. to meet C. meet D. were meet 38. Yesterday the weather beautiful. A. is B. was D. were are 39. When did you arrive? - A. TomorrowB. Next Sunday C. Yesterday D. In two days 40. When I came yesterday, he in the laboratory. B. was working A. working C. worked D. works 41. While he in the garden, he hurt his back. A. was working B. working C. to work D. worked 42. I my report at 8 o'clock last night. B. write D. was writing A. wrote C. to write 43. Tom tennis with his friends at the moment. B. is going to play C. is playing D. play A. plays 44. This is my son, David. is 10 years old. B. It C. He D. She A.I 45. Jane dinner with her family every day. B. does C. have A. eats D. is 46. this? - It's Linda. She's my friend. A. What's B. Who's C. Who D. What 47. She's a She works in a department store. She sells clothes. A. carpenter B. salesperson C. doctor D. student 48. There two little trees in the garden. A. have B. has C. are D. is 49. are these books? - They are \$45. A. How B. How old C. How many D. How much 50. Mr. Smith usually has a cup of tea and bread for breakfast. B. some C. a D. an A. any 51. you at home all morning yesterday? A. Are B. Have C. Were D. Was 52. I go to school with every day. B. they C. their D. themselves A. them 53. I get up early Mondays. A. on B. in C. at D. around 54. This car is very nice but that one is A. more nice B. more nicerC. nicer D. the nicest 55. We to her last night.

C. spoken A. speak B. speaked D. spoke 56. He when he is at home. B. smoke never C. smokes never A. smoke D. never smokes 57. I the beds at the weekend. A. make B. made C. do D. did 58. She a beautiful doll on her birthday. B. gives C was given D. was giving A. gave 59. They have been in love with each otherthey were young. B. while A. until C. since D. are all correct 60. I often in winter. A. go playing skiing B. go to ski C. play skiing D. go skiing 61. Why did you go to Australia? I went there my cousins. A. because I visited B. and visitedC. to visit D. for visiting 62. What are you doing December 25th? B. on C. at D. into A. in 63. What are those? They are A. my wife her gloves B. my wife's gloves C. the gloves my wife D. my wifes' gloves 64. they your friends? C. Do A. Is B. Does D. Are 65. ".....do you so sad?" - "I got bad marks in the first semester exam." B. How A. Why C. Who D. What 66. Her children in their room. Please be quiet! A. were sleeping B. was sleeping C. is sleeping D. are sleeping 67. Where you born? C. was D. are A. did B. were 68. Last Wednesday morning Bill his office at nine o'clock. B. called C. rings A. shouted D. calls 69. We often go after school. A. to fishing B. fished C. fishing D. fish 70. "How long have you lived there?" – "......" B. One month ago C. Since two weeksD. Last month A. For 10 years 71. "How can we call a writer for newspaper and magazines?" – "....." A. Policeman B. journalist C. housewife D. teacher 72. "..... is that hat?" – "It's \$10" A. How beautiful B. How many C. How much d. How new 73. Thank you inviting me to your birthday party. A. at B. with C. for D. to 74. She is my brother's daughter. She is my A. niece B. aunt C nephew D. sister 75. "Good luck in exams!" A. You too B. Never mind C. I hope so D. You mention it 76. Jeans all over the world. A. sold B. are selling C. are sold D. sell

77. Kuala Lumpur is the city in Malaysia. B. very large C. large D. largest A. larger 78. She always has a quick meal noon. C. at D. from A. on B. in 79. Let's get acquainted the newcomer. B. about C. of D. with A. to 80. I want everybody to listen B. careful C. careless D. carefully A. care 81. We feel very today. D. happen B. happiness C. happily A. happy 82. I've looked my pen everywhere and I can't find it anywhere. C. up B. for D. on A. at 83. I'm very to hear that I will go to Thien Duong cave tomorrow. A. excite C. excitedly B. excited D. exciting 111. Hoa is goodspeaking English. B. at C. about D. on A. for 84. I can't speak English my parents. A. as well as B. as good as C. better than D. worse than 85. Would you mind the door? A. to open B. opening C. open D. opens 86. Do you mind the window? C. open A. to open B. opening D. opens 87. It only my mom 5 minutes to get to the shop. A. lasts B. takes C. gets D. spends A. lasts B. takes C. gets D. spends 89. Do you mind your shoes? C. take D. takes A. to take B. taking 90. Would you mind off the light? A. to turn B. turning C. turn D. turns 91. They are interestedreading book although they don't have time. C. at A. on B. of D. in 92. Most young children are by animals. A. to fascinate B. fascinate C. fascinated D. fascinating 93. Don't me while I am working. C. bother A. look at B. laugh at D. phone 94. They our party about eleven A. leave. B. left C. leaves D. have left 95. This school is from most others. C. different B. special D. similar A. same 96. I news on television at 7p.m last night. A. watched B. watching C. was watching D. were watching

97. I am looking forward to you.						
A. seeing	B. see	C. to see	D. saw			
98. I him	m since last week					
A. don't see	B. haven't seen	C. won't see	D. didn't see			
99. What do you do?						
A. I'm fine.	B. I	'm a driver.				
C. I am playing chess.	D. 1	go to school				
100. How old you when you could read?						
A. are	B. was C. c	lid be	D. were			

PART 2: READING (A)

Read the text and choose the best answer for questions

I.

In the USA, people celebrate Mother's day and Father's day. Mother's day is celebrated on the-second Sunday in May. On this occasion, mother usually receives greeting cards and gifts from her husband and children. The best gifts of all, American Mom are a day of leisure. The majority of American mothers have outside jobs as well as housework, so their working days are often very hard. Flower is an important part of Mother's day. Mothers are often given a ant for the occasion, particularly if they are elderly.

Father's day is celebrated throughout the USA and Canada on the third Sunday in June. The holiday customs are similar to Mother's day. Dad alsco receives greeting cards and gifts from his family and enjoys a day of leisure.

1. Where do people celebrate Father's day and Mother's day?

A. In Viet Nam.	B. In the world.	C. In many countries.	D.	In	the	
USA						
2. When is Mother'	s day celebrated?					
A. On the second S	unday in May.	B. October 2nd				
C. On the third Sun	day in June.	D. March 8th				
3. Do the majority	of American mother	s have to work hard every day?				
A 37 (1 1 1	.1 1 1					

A. No, they only do the housework.

- 4. What is an important part of Mother's day?
- A. Gift B. Present
- 5. Where is Father's day celebrated?
- A. In the USA and Canada.

C. In the world.

- B. Yes, they do. D. No, they don't.
- C. No, they don't have a job

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D. All are correct.

B. No information

C. Flower

D. In many countries.

II.

My name is Joey and this is my husband. His name is Flamingo. We all work in offices in New Zealand. We have breakfast at half past six. We usually have bread, orange juice and milk. Then we drive to our working place. For lunch, we usually have a sandwich or an orange at midday. We have dinner at about half past seven. It's the big meal of the day and we have fish, beef with vegetables and potatoes or rice. We have carrot juice with the meal. On Sunday evenings, we usually go out for dinner at about eight o'clock.

0						
1. What is the relationship between Joey and Flamingo?						
A. friendship	B. sibling	C. spouse	D. mother-son			
2. Where do they work?	,					
A. London	B. New Zealand	C. Japan	D. Australia			
3. What do they have fo	r breakfast?					
A. Sandwich and	milk	B. Bread, orange juice and milk				
C Rice and chicken		D. They don't have breakfast				
4. What time do they ha	ve dinner?					
A. At 7:00	B. At 7:15	C. At 6:45	D. At 7:30			
5. When do they eat out?						
A. On Sunday evenings		B. On Saturday evenings				
C. At the weeken	nds	D. On Sunday afternoon				
		•				

III.

The computer is a useful machine. It is the most important invention in many years. The oldest kind of computer is the abacus, used in China centuries ago, but the first large, modern computer was built in 1946. A computer then could do Maths problems quite fast. Today computers are used in many ways and can do many kinds of work. In a few years the computer may touch the life of everyone, even people in faraway villages. In the last few years, there have been great changes in computers. They are getting smaller and smaller, and computing faster and faster. Many scientists agree that computers of tomorrow will be like? Will computers bring good things or bad things to people? The scientists of today will have to decide how to use the computers of tomorrow. 1. The computer is a machine.

· · · · · · ·						
A. helpful	B. strange	C. large	D. dangerous			
2. The first large, modern computer was built about years ago.						
A. a few	B. forty	C. sixty	D. eighty			
3. The computers of today are than before.						
A. bigger	B. fewer	C. smaller	D. taller			
4. Computers car	n do					
A. everything B.	anything	C. nothing	D. lots of things			
5. The scientists of today how to use the computers of tomorrow.						
A. may decide	B. must dec	ide C. can make	D. needn' t make			
IV.						

Every year students in many countries learn English. Some of these students are young children. Others are teenagers. Many are adults. Some learn at school, others study by themselves. A few learn English just by hearing the language, in film, on television, in the office, or among their friends. But not many are lucky enough to do that. Most people must work hard to learn another language

Learning another language! Learning English! Why do all these people want to learn

English? Is it difficult to answer that question? Many boys and girls learn English at school because it is one of their subjects. They study their own language and Mathematics...and English (In England, or America, or Australia, many boys and girls study their own language, which is English, and Mathematics, and another language, perhaps French, or German, or Spanish)

Many adults learn English because it is useful for their work. Teenagers often learn English for their higher studies, because some of their books are in English at the college or university. Other people learn English because they want to read newspapers or magazines in English.

- 1. According to the writer,
- A. only adults learn English
- C. English is only useful to teenagers
- 2. Many people learn English by
- A. watching videos only
- C. working hard on their lessons
- D. talking with the film stars 3. Many boys and girls learn English because
- A. English can give them a job

C. their parents make them

B. It is included in their study courses

B. no children like learning English

D. English is popular in much of the world

B. hearing the language in the office

- D. they have to learn their own language
- 4. In America or Australia many school children study
- A. such foreign languages as French, German, and Spanish
- B. English as a foreign language
- C. English and Mathematics only
- D. their own language and no foreign language
- 5. Many adults learn English because
- A. their work is useful B. they want to go abroad
- C. most of their books are in English D. it helps them in their work
- V.

Geoffrey Hampden has a lot of friends and is very popular at parties. Everybody admired him for his fine sense of humour, except his six-year-old daughter, Jenny.

Recently, one of Geoffrey's closest friends asked him to make a speech at a weeding reception. This is the sort of thing that Geoffrey loves. He prepared the speech carefully and went to the weeding with Jenny. He included a large number of funny stories in the speech and, of course, it was a great success. As soon as he finished, Jenny told him she wanted to go home. Geoffrey was a little disappointed by this but he did as his daughter asked. On the way home, he asked Jenny if she enjoyed the speech. To his surprise, she said she didn't. Geoffrey asked her why this was so and she told him that she did not like to see so many people laughing at him!

1. Why is Geoffrey very popular at parties?

A. Because he has a fine sense of humour.

B. Because he can make a good speech.

- C. Because he has a lot of friends.
- D. Because he is admired by everybody.
- 2. What was he invited to do one day?
- A. To go to a wedding.
- B. To make jokes at a party.

C. To make a speech at a wedding reception.

- D. To prepare a speech.
- 3. What is Geoffrey interested in?
- A. Going to weddings.
- B. Making speeches at his friends' weddings.
- C. Making jokes.
- D. Teasing his friends.
- 4. How did Geoffrey feel when his daughter asked him to take her home after his speech?
- A. Annoyed.
- B. Bored.
- C. Terrified.
- D. Disappointed.
- 5. What did Geoffrey's daughter really dislike?
- A. Her father's speech.
- B. The way her father made jokes.
- C. The wedding.
- D. Seeing people laughing at her father.
- VI.

It is estimated that about 200 million people who use the Internet computer network around the world. The Internet allows people to work at home instead of traveling to work. The Internet allows businesses to communicate with customers and workers in any part of the world for the cost of a local telephone call. Email allows users to send documents, pictures and other data from one part of the world to another in at least 5 minutes. People can use the Internet to do shopping. This saves a lot of time. It is possible to use the Internet for education –students may connect with their teachers from home to send or receive Email or talk their problems through 'on-line' rather than attend a class.

1. The Internet all	ows people			
A. to stay at home and rest		B. not to wor	k	
C. to travel to work		D. to work at	home	
2. To a business, t	the Internet is	to a	communicate with customers.	
A. cheap way		B. a ve	ery expensive way	
			D. a difficult way	
3. Email can be us	sed to send			
A. documents	B. information	C. data	D. all are correct	
4. It takes	to do the shop	ping on the Inte	rnet.	
A. a lot of time B. a little time				
5. To use the Inter	met for education is			
A. impossible	B. possible	C. inconvenie	ent D. difficult	

PART 2: READING (B)

I.

Read the text below and choose the best words for the spaces

You have seen many people in need ...(1)... the news after a hurricane, ...(2)... earthquake, or other disasters. Perhaps you have ...(3)... past homeless people who are living ...(4)... the streets now. Or maybe you have come ...(5)... an animal shelter and wished you could give every pet a home. ...(6)... what can you do to help people (or animal) who need it? The answer is volunteering.

Volunteering ...(7)... spending some ...(8)...your free time helping others. You may volunteer to help other people, such ...(9)... families who have lost their homes after a natural disaster. But you can also volunteer ...(10)... protect animals, the environment, or any other cause that you care about

1. A. in	B. on	C. from	D. under
2. A. a	B. the	C. an	D. some
3. A. walked	B. walk	C. to walk	D. walking
4. A. among	B. in	C. at	D. on
5. A. out	B. off	C. to	D. along
6. A. So	B. Because	C. However	D. Although
7. A. mean	B. means	C. to mean	D. meaning
8. A. with	B. of	C. as	D. by
9. A. as	B. in	C. on	D. that
10. A. of	B. for	C. on	D. to

II.

My favourite hobby is coin ...(1)... It is also one of the oldest ...(2) ... of the world and is also called 'hobby of the Kings', as in the old times, it was only done ...(3)... kings and elite class ...(4)... the society. It started for me some years back when my father used to come back ...(5) ... his foreign tours and give me coins of ...(6)...countries. I started collecting them in my money box and after that I always used to wait for my new coins as much I used to wait for my father. Since then, it has become my favourite hobby. This hobby has given me information about different countries of the world. I feel extreme pleasure in ...(7)...my collection to ...(8).... It has also taught me this lesson that A LIFE ...(9)...A HOBBY IS JUST ...(10)...FOOD WITHOUT SALT.

1. A. collecting	B. collection	C. collected	D. collectors
2. A. hobby	B. hobbies	C. game	D. games
3. A. by	B. from	C. of	D. for
4. A. to	B. of	C. from	D. at
5. A. after	B. in	C. from	D. of
6. A. other	B. different	C. unlike	D. diverse
7 A. showing	B. show	C. shown	D. to show
8. A. other	B. another	C. others	D. person
9. A. with	B. about	C. without	D. of
10. A. as	B. like	C. if	D. likes

I love baking. I love ...(1)... baking competition shows, buying baking cookbooks, and, ...(2)... course, I love the act of actually ...(3).... My fondness for baking ...(4)... in 6th grade after I watched a Buzzfeed YouTube video titled "The Best Chewy Chocolate Chip Cookies." Immediately after ...(5)... it, I decided that I had to try ...(6)... the cookies. How hard could it be? The ...(7)... to that question: Very, very hard. The whole process was a complete mess, and by the end of it the kitchen looked less ...(8)...a kitchen ...(9)... more like a high school movie cafeteria after a food fight. ...(10)... this, the cookies tasted amazing, and thus began my now four-year-long baking obsession. I've tried it all, from layer cakes to macarons (which have failed too many times to count).

1. A. watch	B. watching	C. to watching	D. watched
2. A. of	B. in	C. on	D. at
3. A. bake	B. baked	C. baking	D. to bake
4. A. begin	B. begins	C. to begin	D. began
5. A. seeing	B. see	C. to see	D. seen
6. A. make	B. making	C. to make	D. made
7. A. note	B. ask	C. request	D. answer
8. A. as	B. seem	C. like	D. to like
9. A. although	B. and	C. however	D. in spite
10. A. Despites	B In spite	C. Although	D. However

IV.

The film Pirates of the Caribbean had a wonderful story ...(1)... really great special effects. The ...(2) ... actor in the film was Johnny Depp,(3)... played the pirate Jack Sparrow. Jack was a clever captain ...(4)... he lost his ship, the Black Pearl, to a very bad pirate(5)...called Captain Barbossa. Barbossa sailed ...(6)... the town of Port Royal and took a beautiful girl called Elizabeth ...(7)... as his prisoner. Jack agreed to help to find Elizabeth ...(8)... he wanted to get his ship back. Of course, there is ...(9)... of adventure in this film. It ...(10)... also very funny.

1. A. in	B. by	C. with	D. from
2. A. good	B. better	C. best	D. most
3. A. who	B. whose	C. whom	D. which
4. A. but	B. why	C. so	D. if
5. A. call	B. calling	C. to call	D. called
 6. A. with 7. A. in 8. A. because 	B. on	C. at	D. into
	B. away	C. off	D. on
	B. to	C. so	D. because of
9. A. much	B. lots	C. many	D. few
10. A. be	B. has	C. have	D. is

I have two brothers, Tim and Tom. They ...(1)... very similar and a lot of people don't know which is which. They(2)... have blond hair and blue eyes, and they always wear jeans and T-shirts.

They like (3)... the same things, too. For example, they both like jazz and they 're crazy about football. They (4)... to a football match once a week. Tim doesn't like dancing or discos and Tom doesn't like them, (5)... Although they are twins, they are not exactly the (6)... at everything. Tim works hard at school (7)... he wants to go to university, but Tom is a bit lazy.

Our mother is often away (8)... home bacause of her job, so we all work (9)... in the house. Most (10) ...the time in fine , but sometimes we fight a bit

1. A. to be	B. is	C. are	D. were
2. A. both	B. among	C. between	D. with
3. A. to do	B. do	C. did	D. doing
4. A. to go	B. go	C. went	D. going
5. A. also	B. either	C. so	D. neither
6. A. same	B. different	C. most	D. better
7. A. although	B. to	C. because	D. in order to
8. A. to	B. of	C at	D. from
9. A. each	B. together	C. with	D. gether
10. A. of	B. in	C. from	D. on
VI.			

The table tennis match was very enjoyable someone lit a cigarette and ruined the evening. After ...(1)... smoking, they let the cigarette fall on the wooden floor. Unfortunately, they dropped it without putting it out but ...(2)... paid any attention to it. Even the woman ...(3)... next to the man with the cigarette did not notice. Soon, however, there was ...(4)... smoke. Suddenly flames ...(5)...up into the air. Someone immediately ran out of the room ...(6)... the fire brigade. Two or three men got some buckets of water ...(7)... the fire, but it was useless. Everyone in the large hut ...(8)...very frightened. The next moment people rushed towards the main doors. Before the next brigade arrived, the whole building was on fire. On ...(9)... the burning building, one of the firemen succeeded in ...(10)... an old woman.

1. A. finish	B. finished	C. finishing	D. finishes
2. A. someone	B. anyone	C. no one	D. anybody
3. A. who was	B. was C. she	e was	D. she
4. A. a lot of	B. many	C. a few	D. little
5. A. shoot	B. shoots	C. shooting	D. shot
6. A. phone	B. phoning	C. to phone	D. for phoning
7. A. to put out	B. they put out	C. putting out	tD. put out
8. A. has	B. were	C. was	D. have
9. A. enter	B. entering	C. entered	D. he entered
10. A. he rescued	B. rescuing	C. rescues	D. rescue